**GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

The FPT500 is an industrial grade power supply for the 3-phase mains system, it is incorporated into a rugged wall-mount housing with an IP65/67 degree of protection.

It provides two to four stabilized outputs that are galvanically separated from the input. The negative potential of the outputs is permanently connected to PE within the unit.

The most outstanding features of the FPT series are the compact size, the wide operating temperature range, the extremely low input inrush current and the very high efficiencies, which are achieved through various design technologies. Large output capacitors can absorb and store regenerative energy from breaking motors.

Various connector options support the different needs of individual applications. Please contact PULS for possible options. High immunity to transients and power surges as well as low electromagnetic emissions and an international approval package makes the use in nearly every application possible.

**SHORT-FORM DATA**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Output voltage</td>
<td>DC 24 V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adjustment range</td>
<td>24-28 V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nominal</td>
<td>Factory setting 24.5 V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Output power</td>
<td>Continuous: 600 / 500 / 350 W</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Up to: 645 / 655 / 710 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Short term up to 5 s</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1000 / 700 W</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>+55 / +70 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Derate linearly</td>
<td>+45 °C to +70 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of output</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Output currents</td>
<td>Settable per output; up to 12 A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Input voltage</td>
<td>3AC 380-480 V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Power factor</td>
<td>0.94 / 0.95</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AC Inrush current</td>
<td>1.9 / 1.8 A_peak</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Efficiency</td>
<td>95.8 / 95.6 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Losses</td>
<td>22 / 23 W</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hold-up time</td>
<td>24 / 24 ms</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Temperature range</td>
<td>-25 °C to +70 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Size (wxhxd)</td>
<td>181 x 183 x 59 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weight</td>
<td>1200 g / 2.7 lb</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**ORDER NUMBERS**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Power supply FPT500</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Order Number</td>
<td>FPT500.245-034-106*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>FPT500.245-053-113*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Input</td>
<td>M12-S 7/8&quot;d</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Output</td>
<td>2x M12-L 2x 7/8&quot; - 5pin</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**ACCESSORIES**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Chapter 21</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Related Products</td>
<td>Chapter 22</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*For DIN rail mounting PSU: (Order Number)D  
  e.g. FPT500.245-034-106D*  

**MAJOR APPROVALS AND CONFORMITY**

For details or a complete approval list, see chapter 21.

---

All parameters are specified at 24 V, 20 A, 400 Vac, 25 °C ambient and after a 5 minutes run-in time unless otherwise noted.

Oct. 2022 / Rev. 0.3 FPT500.245-034-106-EN  
www.pulspower.com  
1 / 29
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Packaging and packaging aids can and should always be recycled. The product itself may not be disposed of as domestic refuse.

**TERMINOLOGY AND ABREVIATIONS**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PE and ☼ Symbol</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PE</td>
<td>PE is the abbreviation for Protective Earth and has the same meaning as the symbol ☼.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Earth, Ground</td>
<td>This document uses the term “earth” which is the same as the U.S. term “ground”.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T.b.d.</td>
<td>To be defined, value or description will follow later.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3AC 400 V</td>
<td>A figure displayed with the AC or DC before the value represents a nominal voltage with tolerances (usually ±15 %) included.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>E.g.: DC 12 V describes a 12 V battery disregarding whether it is full (13.7 V) or flat (10 V)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3x 400 Vac</td>
<td>A figure with the unit (Vac) at the end is a momentary figure without any additional tolerances included.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50 Hz vs. 60 Hz</td>
<td>As long as not otherwise stated, 3AC 400 V parameters are valid at 50 Hz mains frequency.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>may</td>
<td>A key word indicating flexibility of choice with no implied preference.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>shall</td>
<td>A key word indicating a mandatory requirement.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>should</td>
<td>A key word indicating flexibility of choice with a strongly preferred implementation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Us</td>
<td>Sensor output</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ua</td>
<td>Actor output</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### NOMENCLATURE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Detail</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FPT</td>
<td>380-480 V 3 Phase IP54-67 Power Supply</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FPS</td>
<td>100-240 V 1 Phase IP54-67 Power Supply</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FPH</td>
<td>200-240 V 1 Phase IP54-67 Power Supply Highline Input Voltage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>300</td>
<td>300 W Power Class</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>500</td>
<td>500 W Power Class</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>241 / 481</td>
<td>Standard Power Supply with Output Voltage 24-28 V / 48-52 V Setting and LED Bar</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>242 / 482</td>
<td>Basic Power Supply without Voltage Setting and LED-Bar. This version has a status LED Bar.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>245 / 485</td>
<td>Power Supply with up to 4 E-Fuse Channels</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>246 / 486</td>
<td>Power Supply with up to 4 NEC Class II Channels</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>247 / 487</td>
<td>Power Supply with NEC Class II and E-Fuse Channel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0xx</td>
<td>Terminal configuration e.g. .002. Input: HanQ4/2 Com: M12-A Output: HanQ4/0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1xx</td>
<td>Consecutively numbered</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

---

All parameters are specified at 24 V, 20 A, 400 Vac, 25 °C ambient and after a 5 minutes run-in time unless otherwise noted.
1. **Intended Use**

This device is designed for indoor use and is intended for commercial applications, such as in industrial control, process control, monitoring and measurement equipment.

Do not use this device in equipment where malfunction may cause severe personal injury or threaten human life. If this device is used in a manner outside of its specification, the protection provided by the device may be impaired.

2. **Installation Instructions**

**DANGER**  
Risk of electrical shock, fire, personal injury or death.

- Turn power off before working on the device. Protect against inadvertent re-powering.
- Do not open, modify or repair the device.
- Do not touch during power-on and immediately after power-off. Hot surfaces may cause burns.
- Install the device on a large enough flat surface. Sharp edges on the back may cause injury.
- If damages or malfunctioning occur during installation or operation, immediately turn power off and send unit to the factory for inspection.
- The device is designed as “Class of Protection I” equipment according to IEC 61140. Do not use without a proper PE (Protective Earth) connection.

**WARNING**  
Risk of damages on the device

- Keep the following minimum installation clearances: 50 mm on top and bottom, 10 mm on the front and 10 mm left and right side.
- The maximum surrounding air temperature is +70 °C (+158 °F). The operational temperature is the same as the ambient or surrounding air temperature and is defined 2 cm below the device.
- The device is designed to operate in areas between 5 % and 95 % relative humidity.
- Clean only with a damp cloth.

**Obey the following installation instructions:**

This device may only be installed and put into operation by qualified personnel. This device does not contain serviceable parts. The tripping of an internal fuse is caused by an internal defect. Install the device onto a flat surface with the terminals on the bottom of the device. Other mounting orientations require a reduction in output power, chapter 23.6.

For wall mounting use 4 screws. Two on top and 2 on bottom mounting holes. Recommended screw size is M4 (UNC 8-32). The enclosure of the device provides a degree of protection of IP65/67 when installed with all mating connectors firmly connected. The device is designed for pollution degree 3 areas in controlled environments.

Assure that during installation no moisture or dirt gets into the connections. Operation in areas where moisture or condensation can be expected is possible.

The negative potential of the outputs is permanently connected to PE within the unit. Do not connect the negative potential of any output to PE outside the unit.

For TN, TT mains systems with earthed neutral and IT star mains systems with insulation monitoring the device is designed for overvoltage category III zones up to 2000 m (6560 ft) and for overvoltage category II zones up to 5000 m (16400 ft).

For TN, TT, IT delta mains systems or IT star mains systems without insulation monitoring the device is intended for overvoltage category II zones up to 2000 m (6560 ft). The device is designed to be safe in case of a single phase loss and does not require an external protection. Functionality is limited see chapter 23.3.

The device is designed for altitudes up to 5000 m (16400 ft). Above 2000 m (6560 ft) a reduction in output current is required and the operation is limited according mains systems described above. The device is designed, tested and approved for branch circuits up to 20 A (UL) and 32 A (IEC) without additional protection device. If an external fuse is utilized, do not use circuit breakers smaller than 6 A B- or C-characteristic to avoid a nuisance trip. A disconnecting means shall be provided for the input of the device. This must be suitably located and easily accessible. The disconnecting means must be marked as the such for the device.
### 3. AC-Input

The device is suitable to be supplied from TN, TT or IT mains networks. For more details, please review chapter 2.

**AC input voltage rated range**

Nom. 3AC 380-480 V

**AC input operating range**

3x 323-552 Vac

**Input frequency**

Nom. 50–60 Hz ±6 %

**Turn-on voltage**

Typ. 3x 320 Vac Steady-state value, see Fig. 3-1

**Shut-down voltage**

Typ. 3x 300 Vac Steady-state value, see Fig. 3-1

**Loss of one phase**

will continue to operate without interruption if loaded below limits in figure see Fig. 23-1

**External input protection**

See recommendations in chapter 2.

- **AC input range**
  - 3AC 400 V
  - 3AC 480 V

- **Input current typ.**
  - 0.8 A
  - 0.66 A

- **Power factor typ.**
  - 0.94
  - 0.95

- **Start-up delay typ.**
  - 2 s
  - 2 s

- **Rise time typ.**
  - 10 ms
  - 10 ms

- **Turn-on overshoot Max.**
  - 500 mV

- **Shut-down voltage**
  - 3x 300 Vac

- **Input current typ.**
  - 0.8 A
  - 0.66 A

- **Power factor typ.**
  - 0.94
  - 0.95

- **Start-up delay typ.**
  - 2 s
  - 2 s

- **Rise time typ.**
  - 10 ms
  - 10 ms

- **Turn-on overshoot Max.**
  - 500 mV

- **Input current typ.**
  - 0.8 A
  - 0.66 A

- **Power factor typ.**
  - 0.94
  - 0.95

- **Start-up delay typ.**
  - 2 s
  - 2 s

- **Rise time typ.**
  - 10 ms
  - 10 ms

- **Turn-on overshoot Max.**
  - 500 mV

---

**Fig. 3-1: Input voltage range**

**Fig. 3-2: Turn-on behavior, definitions**

**Fig. 3-3:**

Input current vs. output power at 24 V output voltage

**Fig. 3-4:**

Power factor vs. output power at 24 V output voltage

---

All parameters are specified at 24 V, 20 A, 400 Vac, 25 °C ambient and after a 5 minutes run-in time unless otherwise noted.
4. DC-Input

Do not operate this power supply with DC-input voltage.

5. Input Inrush Current

The power supply is equipped with an active inrush current limitation circuit, which limits the input inrush current after turn-on to an extremely low value. The inrush current is usually smaller than the steady state input current.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>3AC 400 V</th>
<th>3AC 480 V</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Inrush current *)</td>
<td>2.1 A(_{\text{peak}})</td>
<td>2 A(_{\text{peak}})</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>typ.</td>
<td>1.9 A(_{\text{peak}})</td>
<td>1.8 A(_{\text{peak}})</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*) The charging current into EMI suppression capacitors is disregarded in the first microseconds after switch-on.

Fig. 5-1: Typical turn-on behavior at nominal load and 25°C ambient temperature
6. Output

The outputs provide a (PELV/ES1) rated voltage, which is galvanically isolated from the input voltage. The negative potential of the outputs is permanently connected to PE within the unit. Do not connect any output to PE (Ground).

The device is designed to supply any kind of loads, including capacitive and inductive loads. If capacitors with a capacitance >20mF are connected to one output, this output might switch off after turning the unit or the output on or connecting the load.

All outputs are individually current limited. In case of an overload, the individual output switches off and needs to be reset manually with the reset button on the front of the device. A cycling of the input power does not reset the output. The failure signals are stored until a reset is intentionally initiated.

For protection reasons a delay of at least 5 seconds is mandatory, before an output can be reset after it has been switched off. Otherwise the green LED will flicker after pushing the button. The unit is shipped with all outputs turned on. The ON/OFF function has no safety feature included.

The sum of the configured output power of all outputs may exceed the total output power of available power budget, see Fig. 6-2. If this is the case, the output with the highest number will tripped first followed by the next output to ensure that the lower channel number will supply continuous power and see no voltage dips.

Outputs start sequentially from 1 to 4 with an interval of 150ms, see Fig. 6-1.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number of outputs</th>
<th>Nom.</th>
<th>Factory setting 24.5 V</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Output voltage</td>
<td>24 V</td>
<td>Adjustable in steps:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adjustment range</td>
<td>24-28 V</td>
<td>24 V, 24.5 V, 25 V, 25.5 V, 26 V, 26.5 V, 27 V and 28 V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Factory setting</td>
<td>Typ.</td>
<td>24.5 V ±0.2 %, at nominal load</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Line regulation</td>
<td>Max.</td>
<td>10 mV Between 3x323 and 552 Vac input voltage change</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Load regulation</td>
<td>Typ.</td>
<td>100 mV Between 0 and 600 W output load, static value</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ripple and noise voltage</td>
<td>Max.</td>
<td>100 mVpp Bandwidth 20 Hz to 20 MHz, 50 Ohm</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Output current</th>
<th>Order number</th>
<th>Outputs</th>
<th>Connector</th>
<th>Max. current</th>
<th>Picture</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FPT500.245-034-105</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2 x M12-L</td>
<td>12 A each output</td>
<td>Fig. 6-3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FPT500.245-053-113</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2 x 7/8&quot; 5pin</td>
<td>10 A each output</td>
<td>Fig. 6-3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Total output power</th>
<th>Nom. 600 W</th>
<th>Up to +45 °C at ambient temperatures, for the sum of all outputs.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Nom. 500 W</td>
<td>At +55 °C at ambient temperatures, for the sum of all outputs.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nom. 350 W</td>
<td>At +70 °C at ambient temperatures, for the sum of all outputs.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nom. 1000 W</td>
<td>Up to +55 °C at ambient temperatures, for the sum of all outputs.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nom. 700 W</td>
<td>At +70 °C at ambient temperatures, for the sum of all outputs.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Derate linearly between +45 °C and +70 °C</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Overload behavior</th>
<th>Trip curve</th>
<th>See Fig. 6-3</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Output capacitance</td>
<td>Typ.</td>
<td>12 500 µF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Parallel Use</td>
<td>Do not parallel units for higher output currents</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Back-feeding loads</td>
<td>Max.</td>
<td>35 V / 4 J</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

All parameters are specified at 24 V, 20 A, 400 Vac, 25 °C ambient and after a 5 minutes run-in time unless otherwise noted.
All parameters are specified at 24 V, 20 A, 400 Vac, 25 °C ambient and after a 5 minutes run-in time unless otherwise noted.

Fig. 6-1: Sequential start of the outputs

Fig. 6-2: Tripping of the channel with the lowest priority when the power budget is exceeded

Fig. 6-3: Trip curve diagram
7. Hold-up Time

The hold-up time is the time during which a power supply's output voltage remains within specification following the loss of input power. The hold-up time is output load dependent. At no load, the hold-up time can be up to several seconds. The status LED is also on during this time.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Hold-up Time</th>
<th>3AC 400 V</th>
<th>3AC 480 V</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>typ.</td>
<td>56 ms</td>
<td>56 ms</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>min.</td>
<td>47 ms</td>
<td>47 ms</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>typ.</td>
<td>24 ms</td>
<td>24 ms</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>min.</td>
<td>20 ms</td>
<td>20 ms</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

At 250 W output load, see Fig. 7-1

At 500 W output load, see Fig. 7-1

Fig. 7-1: Hold-up time vs. input voltage

Fig. 7-2: Shut-down behavior, definitions
8. Output-OK Relay Contact

This feature monitors the output voltage, which is produced by the power supply itself. It is independent of an eventually present external voltage on the output of the power supply.

- **Contact closes**: As soon as the output voltage reaches typ. 22Vdc. The Output-OK Relay Contact is synchronized with the Status Led.
- **Contact opens**: As soon as the output voltage dips below 22Vdc. Short dips will be extended to a signal length of 100ms. Dips shorter than 1ms will be ignored.
- **Switching hysteresis**: 1V
- **Contact ratings**: Maximal 60Vdc 0.3A, 30Vdc 1A, 30Vac 0.5A, resistive load
  - Minimal permissible load: 1mA at 5Vdc
- **Isolation voltage**: See dielectric strength table in chapter 18.

![Fig. 8-1: Output-OK relay contact behavior](image-url)
9. Efficiency and Power Losses

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>3AC 400 V</th>
<th>3AC 480 V</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Efficiency</td>
<td>95.8 %</td>
<td>95.6 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Average</td>
<td>94.2 %</td>
<td>94 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Power losses</td>
<td>2.5 W</td>
<td>2.5 W</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>12 W</td>
<td>13 W</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>22 W</td>
<td>23 W</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* The average efficiency is an assumption for a typical application where the power supply is loaded with 25% of the nominal load for 25% of the time, 50% of the nominal load for another 25% of the time, 75% of the nominal load for another 25% of the time and with 100% of the nominal load for the rest of the time.

![Efficiency vs. output power at 24 V, typ.](image1)

![Power Losses vs. output power at 24 V, typ.](image2)

![Efficiency vs. input voltage at 24 V, 500 W, typ.](image3)

![Power Losses vs. input voltage at 24 V, 500 W, typ.](image4)
10. **Lifetime Expectancy**

The Lifetime expectancy shown in the table indicates the minimum operating hours (service life) and is determined by the lifetime expectancy of the built-in electrolytic capacitors. Lifetime expectancy is specified in operational hours and is calculated according to the capacitor's manufacturer specification.

The manufacturer of the electrolytic capacitors only guarantees a maximum life of up to 15 years (131,400 h). Any number exceeding this value is a calculated theoretical lifetime which can be used to compare devices.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Voltage</th>
<th>3AC 400 V</th>
<th>3AC 480 V</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Calculated lifetime expectancy</td>
<td>At 24 V, 500 W and 40 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>43 000 h</td>
<td>177 000 h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

11. **MTBF**

MTBF stands for Mean Time Between Failure, which is calculated according to statistical device failures, and indicates reliability of a device. It is the statistical representation of the likelihood of a unit to fail and does not necessarily represent the life of a product.

A MTBF figure of e.g. 1,000,000 h means that statistically one unit will fail every 100 hours if 10,000 units are installed in the field. However, it can not be determined if the failed unit has been running for 50,000 h or only for 100 h.

For these types of units the MTTF (Mean Time To Failure) value is the same value as the MTBF value.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Voltage</th>
<th>3AC 400 V</th>
<th>3AC 480 V</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>MTBF SN 29500, IEC 61709</td>
<td>At 24 V, 500 W and 40 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>253 000 h</td>
<td>233 000 h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>MTBF MIL HDBK 217F</td>
<td>At 24 V, 500 W and 40 °C; Ground Benign GB40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>98 000 h</td>
<td>93 000 h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

All parameters are specified at 24 V, 20 A, 400 Vac, 25 °C ambient and after a 5 minutes run-in time unless otherwise noted.
All parameters are specified at 24 V, 20 A, 400 Vac, 25 °C ambient and after a 5 minutes run-in time unless otherwise noted.
13. Dimensions and Connector Variants

FPT500.245-034-106

Width: 181 mm / 7.11"
Height: 183 mm / 7.2"
Depth: 59 mm / 2.32"
Weight: 1200 g / 2.7 lb

Housing body material: Aluminium alloy
Housing cover material: Hi-grade polycarbonate
Installation clearances: See chapter 2
Mating connectors: See chapter 21.3

Input connector on power supply (X1): M12-S Male
- Pin 1: L1
- Pin 2: L2
- Pin 3: L3
- Pin 4: PE connection

Output OK connector on power supply (X2): M12-A Male
- Pin 1: Relay Connection
- Pin 2: n.c.
- Pin 3: n.c.
- Pin 4: Relay Connection
- Pin 5: n.c.

Output connector on power supply (X3 and X4): M12-L Female
- Pin 1: 24 Vdc (Out 1 | 2) US Sensor output
- Pin 2: GND (Out 1 | 2) UA Actor output
- Pin 3: GND (Out 1 | 2) US Sensor output
- Pin 4: 24 Vdc (Out 1 | 2) UA Actor output
- Pin 5: FE

All parameters are specified at 24 V, 20 A, 400 Vac, 25 °C ambient and after a 5 minutes run-in time unless otherwise noted.
All parameters are specified at 24 V, 20 A, 400 Vac, 25 °C ambient and after a 5 minutes run-in time unless otherwise noted.
14. User Interface

Overview

LED Bar (E)
The LED Bar is a multifunctional displaying tool. The main function is to monitor the sum of all outputs (percentages scale). It also can display the output voltage (voltage scale) and output current (ampere scale) for the individual outputs. The integrated Status LED displays different running conditions of the PSU in real-time.

Output Level Controls (F)
The Output Level Controls consist of the Set Mode button and the UP/DOWN buttons. The Set Mode is used to change into tripping current settings. The UP/DOWN are used to adjust different output levels or change into the Output Current Mode.

Output Controls (G)
The Output Controls consist of an output LED and an Output ON/OFF button (ON/OFF) for each output. The Output LED displays different running conditions for output in real-time. The ON/OFF is used to switch the output on/off.

Operation Settings

Monitor Output Power Mode
The Output Power Mode displays the actual total output power after startup. It is the default mode of the LED Bar. The output Power is Displayed in percentages of 500 W. E.g. If the LED Bar is powered up till 50 %, 250 W is expended. If the LED Bar rises above 100% and therefore exceeds 500 W the 125 %-LED flashes orange. Refer to the percentage scale on the left sidebar.

Monitor Output Current Mode
The Output Current Mode is to check the output current of the individual outputs.

To inspect these output currents:
- Press the UP or DOWN button. OUT1 in the LED bar lights up in orange. The output current is displayed in real-time in the LED Bar below. Refer to the ampere scale on the right sidebar.
- In the LED Bar switch between the OUT1 - OUT4 using the UP/DOWN buttons to check the different output current values.
- Return to the Output Power Mode/default mode by pushing beyond the highest (OUT4) or lowest (OUT1) output number.
Set Tripping Current
To set a new tripping current:
- Press Set Mode for 3 s. After all LEDs light up once, the LED now displays the set voltage.
- Press Set Mode to select the right output to change the tripping current. The orange LED will indicate which output is selected.
- Push UP/DOWN to increase or decrease the set point. Refer to the current scale on the right sidebar. (e.g. 20 % - LED indicates 3 A).
- New point is set.
- After 15 s of non-action, the PSU will automatically switch to Output Power Mode.

Set Output Voltage
To set a new output voltage:
- Press Set Mode for 3 s. After all LEDs light up once, the LED now displays the set voltage.
- Push UP/DOWN to increase or decrease the set point. Refer to the current scale on the right sidebar. (e.g. 20 % - LED indicates 24.5 V).
- New point is set.
- After 15 s of non-action, the PSU will automatically switch to Output Power Mode.

Set Button Lock
To activate/deactivate the button lock:
- Press the UP and DOWN buttons simultaneously for 3 s. The LED bar will flash for 5 s to indicate the changed button lock status.

Reset Output
In a failure mode where the output did/didn't switched OFF:
- Push and hold ON/OFF for more than 1s.

LED Signaling

Status LED (D)
The Status LED displays different running conditions of the PSU in real-time.

- Green: On
  DC voltage is above 90 % of set point voltage. All outputs are operating according to their settings.
- OFF
  DC voltage is below 90 % of set point voltage or an output channel has tripped or PSU is not powered.
- Red: AC input failure
  AC input drops below the specified levels and outputs turned off.
- Flashes orange: Hiccup plus mode!
  Output is OFF during these 18s.
- Flashes red: Overtemperature
  The PSU turns OFF to prevent overheating. Normal operating range continues after the Status LED turns to solid green again.
Channel LED Signaling Overview

Below is an overview of the output LED signaling.

![Fig. 14-1: Location of outputs LEDs](image)

- **OFF**
  - Output is switched OFF by ON/OFF or PSU is not powered (s. Status LED).

- **Green: Default**
  - Output is switched on by ON/OFF.

- **Flashes green: Power budget tripped** (slow rate: 250 ms ON / 250 ms OFF)
  - Low priority outputs are tripped. Sum of output currents are above PSU power budget.

- **Flashes green: Buttons Locked** (fast rate: 125 ms ON / 125 ms OFF)
  - No action is carried out. Button lock feature activated. Unlock buttons by following Operation Settings > Set Button Lock. Other reason: MOSFET protection MOSFET is >90 °C or Interval between Charge Up/ Turn On cycles <5 s.

- **Orange: Pre-Alarm!**
  - Output is still running. Current is above pre-alarm level and close to overload.

- **Flashes orange: Overload!** (slow rate: 500 ms ON / 500 ms OFF)
  - Output is tripped. Output current is overloaded. Restart by pushing the ON/OFF.

- **Flashes orange: Faulty Installation** (medium rate: 250 ms ON / 250 ms OFF)
  - Output is turned OFF automatically. Cable or connected hardware on the outputs are not installed correctly. Switch OFF the output manually by pushing the specific output ON/OFF button.
    - PSU with NEC Class II outputs: Difference between positive and negative/Input-Output current of the output are >1 A for 6-6.5 s
    - PSU without NEC Class II outputs: Connector negative wire overcurrent according to negative trip curve, or output was contributing to negative overcurrent of another output (Ipos – Ineg > threshold), or High PE current (>12 A) was detected based on overall output current sum.

- **Flashes orange: Short Circuit** (fast rate: 125 ms ON / 125 ms OFF)
  - Output is tripped. The Output's output current exceeded approx. 48A. Short circuit reasons may be electrical short, loads beyond specification, plugging-in a large capacitance during operation, etc. After pushing of specific output ON/OFF button, e-fuse output tries to turn ON.

- **Flashes Orange/Green: Overtemperature!** (slow rate, 250 ms orange / 250 ms)
  - Output will automatically turned OFF when MOSFET overtemperature (125 °C) is reached. When MOSFET temperature falls below 90 °C the output will turn on automatically.

- **Red: Fatal MOSFET Malfunction!**
  - PSU turns OFF. Power switch on specific output is damaged. Replacement of PSU might be required.
  - Possible malfunction:
    - Positive current output in OFF state exceeds >2 A for more than >0.5 s

- **Flashes red: Hardware Specs Out of Range!** (slow rate, 500 ms ON / 500 ms OFF)
  - Affected output channel turns OFF. Measurement Circuit Hardware is out of specified range. Replacement of PSU might be required.
  - Possible malfunction:
    - Deviations of internal output current sensors exceed acceptable limits.
    - Temperature sensor measurement out of range (-40 °C or +150 °C) for more than 5 s
15. EMC

The EMC behavior of the device is designed for applications in industrial environment as well as in residential, commercial and light industry environments.

The device is investigated according to EN 61000-6-1, EN 61000-6-2, EN 61000-6-3, EN 61000-6-4, EN 61000-3-2 and EN 61000-3-3.

**EMC immunity**

- **Electrostatic discharge**
  - EN 61000-4-2
  - Contact discharge: 8 kV*  
  - Air discharge: 15 kV*  
  - Criterion A

- **Electromagnetic RF field**
  - EN 61000-4-3
  - 80 MHz - 2.7 GHz: 15 V/m*
  - 2.7 GHz – 6 GHz: 10 V/m  
  - Criterion A

- **Magnetic field**
  - EN 61000-4-8
  - 50 Hz/60 Hz: 30 A/m  
  - Criterion A

- **Fast transients (Burst)**
  - EN 61000-4-4
  - AC Input lines: 4 kV  
  - DC Output lines: 4 kV  
  - Out-OK Output: 2 kV*  
  - Criterion A

- **Surge voltage on AC input**
  - EN 61000-4-5
  - Lx to Ly: 2 kV  
  - L to -PE: 4 kV  
  - Criterion A

- **Surge voltage on DC output**
  - EN 61000-4-5
  - + to -: 1 kV  
  - +/- to PE: 1 kV  
  - Criterion A

- **Surge voltage on Out-OK**
  - EN 61000-4-5
  - Out-OK to PE: 1 kV*  
  - Criterion A

- **Conducted immunity**
  - EN 61000-4-6
  - 0.15 – 80 MHz: 20 V*  
  - Criterion A

- **Voltage dips**
  - EN 61000-4-11
  - 0 V: 1 cycle  
  - 40 % of $V_{nom}$: 200 ms  
  - 70 % of $V_{nom}$: 500 ms  
  - Criterion A

- **Voltage interruptions**
  - EN 61000-4-11
  - 0 V: 5000 ms  
  - Criterion C

- **Powerful transients**
  - VDE 0160
  - Over entire load range: 1550 V, 1.3 ms  
  - Criterion A

**Performance criterions:**

A: The device shows normal operation behavior within the defined limits.

C: Temporary loss of function is possible. The device may shut-down and restarts by itself. No damage or hazards for the device will occur.

* For IO Link certification immunity test levels according EN 61326-1:2013-01 have been tested
EMC Emission
Conducted emission AC input lines
Conducted emission DC output lines
Conducted emission Out-OK output
Radiated emission
Harmonics
Voltage fluctuations, flicker

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>EN 55032 , FCC Part 15</th>
<th>Class B</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Conducted emission AC input lines</td>
<td>EN 55032 , FCC Part 15</td>
<td>Class B</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Conducted emission DC output lines</td>
<td>EN 55032 / EN 55011</td>
<td>Class B</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Conducted emission Out-OK output</td>
<td>FCC Part 15</td>
<td>Class B</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Radiated emission</td>
<td>EN 55032 / EN 55011</td>
<td>Class B</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Harmonics</td>
<td>EN 61000-3-2</td>
<td>Pass for Class A equipment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Voltage fluctuations, flicker</td>
<td>EN 61000-3-3</td>
<td>Pass tested with constant current loads, non pulsing</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

This device complies with FCC Part 15 rules.
Operation is subjected to following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Switching Frequencies
PFC converter
Main converter
Auxiliary converter
Microcontroller clocks

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>20 kHz to 135 kHz</th>
<th>Input voltage and output load dependent</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PFC converter</td>
<td>20 kHz to 135 kHz</td>
<td>Input voltage and output load dependent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Main converter</td>
<td>60 kHz to 140 kHz</td>
<td>Output load dependent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auxiliary converter</td>
<td>54 kHz to 66 kHz</td>
<td>Output load dependent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Microcontroller clocks</td>
<td>48 Mhz and 32 MHz</td>
<td>Fixed frequency</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
16. Environment

Operational temperature: -25 °C to +70 °C (-13 °F to 158 °F)
Operational temperature is the same as the ambient or surrounding temperature and is defined as the air temperature 2cm below the unit.

Storage temperature: -40 °C to +85 °C (-40 °F to 185 °F)
For storage and transportation

Output derating:
10 W/°C
33 W/1000 m or 5 °C/1000 m
Between +45 °C and +70 °C (113 °F to 140 °F)
For altitudes >2000 m (6560 ft), see Fig. 16-2: Output power vs. : Output power vs. ambient temp.
The derating is not hardware controlled. The user has to take care to stay below the derated current limits in order not to overload the unit.

Humidity: 5 to 95 % r.h.
According to IEC 60068-2-30

Atmospheric pressure: 54-110k Pa
see Fig. 16-2: Output power vs. for details

Altitude: Up to 5000 m (16 400 ft)
see Fig. 16-2: Output power vs. for details

Over-voltage category:
III
According to IEC 60664-1
For TN, TT mains systems with earthed neutral and IT star mains systems with insulation monitoring for altitudes up to 2000 m

II
According to IEC 60664-1
For TN, TT mains systems with earthed neutral and IT star mains systems with insulation monitoring for altitudes between 2000 m and 5000 m

According to IEC 60664-1
For TN, TT, IT Delta mains systems or IT star mains systems without insulation monitoring for altitudes up to 2000 m

Degree of pollution: 3
According to IEC 62477-1, not conductive

Vibration sinusoidal:
2-17.8 Hz: ±1.6 mm; 17.8-500 Hz: 2 g
2 hours / axis
According to IEC 60068-2-6

Shock:
30 g 6 ms, 20 g 11 ms
3 bumps / direction, 18 bumps in total
Shock and vibration is tested in combination with DIN-Rails according to EN 60715 with a height of 15 mm and a thickness of 1.3 mm and standard orientation.

LABS compatibility: Yes

Audible noise:
Some audible noise may be emitted from the power supply during no load, overload or short circuit.

---

All parameters are specified at 24 V, 20 A, 400 Vac, 25 °C ambient and after a 5 minutes run-in time unless otherwise noted.
## 17. Safety and Protection Features

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Feature</th>
<th>Specification</th>
<th>Notes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Isolation resistance</strong></td>
<td><strong>min.</strong> 500 MOhm</td>
<td>At delivered condition between input and output, measured with 500 Vdc</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>min.</strong> 500 MOhm</td>
<td>At delivered condition between input and PE, measured with 500 Vdc</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>PE resistance</strong></td>
<td><strong>max.</strong> 0.1 Ohm</td>
<td>Resistance between PE terminal and the housing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Input/Output separation</strong></td>
<td><strong>PELV</strong></td>
<td>IEC/EN/UL 61010-2-201, IEC/EN 62368-1, IEC/EN 60950-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Output over-voltage protection</strong></td>
<td><strong>typ.</strong> 31.8 Vdc</td>
<td>In case of an internal defect, a redundant circuit limits the maximum output voltage. The output shuts down and automatically attempts to restart</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>max.</strong> 32.5 Vdc</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Class of protection</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>According to IEC 61140</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>A PE (Protective Earth) connection is required</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Ingress protection</strong></td>
<td><strong>IP 65/67</strong></td>
<td>According to EN/IEC 60529</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Over-temperature protection</strong></td>
<td><strong>Included</strong></td>
<td>Output shut down with automatic restart. Temperature sensors are installed on critical components inside the unit and turns the unit off in safety critical situations, which can happen e.g. when ambient temperature is too high, ventilation is obstructed or the de-rating requirements are not followed. There is no correlation between the operating temperature and turn-off temperature since this is dependent on input voltage, load and installation methods.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Input transient protection</strong></td>
<td>MOV (Metal Oxide Varistor)</td>
<td>For protection values, see chapter 19, EMC.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Internal input fuse</strong></td>
<td><strong>Included</strong></td>
<td>Not user replaceable slow-blow high-breaking capacity fuse</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Touch current (leakage current)</strong></td>
<td><strong>max.</strong> 0.45 / 1.5 mA</td>
<td>At 3x 480 Vac, 60 Hz, TN-, TT-mains / IT-mains</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Lower currents at lower voltages and frequencies</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
18. Dielectric Strength

The negative terminal of the outputs is permanently connected to PE within the unit. The output is insulated from the input by a double or reinforced insulation.

Type and routine tests are conducted by the manufacturer. Field tests may be conducted in the field using the appropriate test equipment which applies the voltage with a slow ramp (2s up and 2s down). Connect all input-terminals before conducting the test. When testing, set the cut-off current settings to the value in the table below.

![Diagram of dielectric strength](image)

**Fig. 18-1: Dielectric strength**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test Type</th>
<th>Duration</th>
<th>Voltage (Vac)</th>
<th>Cut-off Current Setting</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Type test</td>
<td>60 s</td>
<td>2830</td>
<td>&gt;10 mA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Routine test</td>
<td>5 s</td>
<td>2550</td>
<td>&gt;10 mA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Field test</td>
<td>5 s</td>
<td>2000</td>
<td>&gt;10 mA</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

All parameters are specified at 24 V, 20 A, 400 Vac, 25 °C ambient and after a 5 minutes run-in time unless otherwise noted.
19. Approvals and Fulfilled Standards

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Standard</th>
<th>Certificate/Declaration</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>IEC 62368</td>
<td>CB Scheme Certificate&lt;br&gt;<strong>IEC 62368-1</strong> - Audio/video, information and communication&lt;br&gt;technology equipment - Safety requirements&lt;br&gt;Output safety level: ES1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IEC 61010</td>
<td>CB Scheme Certificate&lt;br&gt;<strong>IEC 61010-2-201</strong> - Electrical Equipment for Measurement, Control and Laboratory Use - Particular requirements for control equipment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IEC 60950</td>
<td>Manufacturers Declaration&lt;br&gt;<strong>IEC 60950-1</strong> - General safety requirements for Information Technology Equipment (ITE)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UL 61010</td>
<td>UL Certificate&lt;br&gt;** Listed equipment for category NMTR - UL 61010-2-201** - Electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use - Particular requirements for control equipment&lt;br&gt;Applicable for US and Canada&lt;br&gt;E-File: E198865</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Semi F47</td>
<td>SEI F47 Test Report&lt;br&gt;Voltage Sag Immunity for Semiconductor Processing Equipment Tested for 400VAC L-L mains voltages, nominal output voltage and nominal output load</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VDMA 24364</td>
<td><strong>Labs</strong>&lt;br&gt;Voltage Sag Immunity for Semiconductor Processing Equipment Tested for 400VAC L-L mains voltages, nominal output voltage and nominal output load</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

20. Regulatory Compliance

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Regulation</th>
<th>Statement/Statement/Mark</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EU Declaration of Conformity</td>
<td>Trade conformity assessment for Europe&lt;br&gt;The CE mark indicates conformance with the European&lt;br&gt;- EMC directive&lt;br&gt;- Low-voltage directive (LVD)&lt;br&gt;- RoHS directive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WEEE Directive</td>
<td>Manufacturer’s Statement&lt;br&gt;EU-Directive on Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE) registered in Germany as business to business (B2B) products.&lt;br&gt;WEEE-Reg.-Nr. DE 55837529</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>REACH Regulation (EU)</td>
<td>Manufacturer’s Statement&lt;br&gt;EU regulation regarding the Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) fulfilled.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>China RoHS</td>
<td>Manufacturer’s Statement&lt;br&gt;The device meets the Measures for Restriction of the Use of Hazardous Substances in Electrical &amp; Electronic Products according the China-RoHS requirements. &lt;br&gt;The device is marked with EFUP symbol 25 years (Environmentally Friendly Use Period)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IEC/EN 61558-2-16 (Annex BB)</td>
<td>Safety Isolating Transformer&lt;br&gt;Safety Isolating Transformers corresponding to Part 2-6 of the IEC/EN 61558</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

All parameters are specified at 24 V, 20 A, 400 Vac, 25 °C ambient and after a 5 minutes run-in time unless otherwise noted.
21. Accessories

21.1. DIN RAIL Mounting KIT: ZM.FPDRA-11

In addition to screw mounting FIEPOS can easily be attached to a DIN rail using the ZM.FPDRA-11 DIN rail mounting kit.

- DIN-Rail not included
- DIN-Fixture pre-assembled


In addition to screw mounting FIEPOS can easily be attached to a mounting bracket the ZM.FPMBA-11.
21.3. Connectors

FIEPOS features a large number of different connectors. Mating connectors can be ordered at PULS from stock in order to supply customers quickly during the design-in phase.

For a higher demand or other connector options go to HARTING-PULS-cabling.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Connector Name</th>
<th>PULS order code</th>
<th>Harting order code</th>
<th>Connector Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Harting HANQ4/2</td>
<td>ZCF.hanq42</td>
<td>6104401263700</td>
<td>Q4/2 Set AS female 2.5-6mm² 7-13mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Harting HANQ4/2</td>
<td>ZCF.hanq42-1</td>
<td>6104401263800</td>
<td>Q4/2 Set AS female 2.5-6mm² 14-17mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Harting HANQ2/0</td>
<td>ZCM.hanq20</td>
<td>6104401263900</td>
<td>Q2/0 Set screw male 2.5-6mm² 6-12mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Harting HANQ4/0</td>
<td>ZCM.hanq40</td>
<td>6104401265100</td>
<td>Q4/0 Set 2,5mm² IP67</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Harting HANQ5/0</td>
<td>ZCF.hanq50</td>
<td>6104401265000</td>
<td>Q5/0 Set QuickLock female 0.5-2.5mm² 6-12mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Harting M12-A</td>
<td>ZCF.m12a5p</td>
<td>21032722505</td>
<td>M12-A 5pin cut clamp female 0.34-0.5mm² / 6-8mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Harting M12-A</td>
<td>ZCM.m12a5p</td>
<td>21032721505</td>
<td>M12-A 5pin cut clamp male 0.34-0.5mm² / 6-8mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Harting M12-S</td>
<td>ZCF.m12s4p</td>
<td>6102201020400</td>
<td>M12-S 4pin screw female 2.5mm² / 6-8mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Harting M12-L</td>
<td>ZCM.m12l5p</td>
<td>21032961505</td>
<td>M12-L 5pin cut clamp male 0.75-1.5mm² / 5.8-13.5mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Harting M12-T</td>
<td>ZCM.m12t4p</td>
<td>6102201021000</td>
<td>M12-T 4pin screw male 1.5mm² / 8-10mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Harting 7/8&quot;</td>
<td>ZCM.78inch4p</td>
<td>6102201021100</td>
<td>7/8&quot; 4pin screw male 1.5mm² / 6-8mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Harting 7/8&quot;</td>
<td>ZCF.78inch3p</td>
<td>6102201021200</td>
<td>7/8&quot; 3pin screw female 1.5mm² / 6-8mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Harting 7/8&quot;</td>
<td>ZCM.78inch5p</td>
<td>21041162505</td>
<td>7/8&quot; 5pin cut clamp female 0.34-0.5mm² / 6-8mm</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
|                |                 |                    | All parameters are specified at 24 V, 20 A, 400 Vac, 25 °C ambient and after a 5 minutes run-in time unless otherwise noted.
22. Related Products

The FIEPOS product family includes various devices with different technical parameters and features. The following page provides a general overview of the available solutions. Please also get in touch with your PULS contact person, for more detailed application advice and technical information.

**FPT500.245-034-106:**
Power Supply with two **fused channels** (2–12 A) on two output connectors and Output OK.

**SHORT-FORM DATA**
- Input voltage: 3AC 380-480 V ±15 %
- Output voltage: DC 24 V Nominal
- Adjustment range: 24-28 Vdc Factory setting 24.5 V
- Output power:
  - Continuous: 600 W Up to +45 °C ambient
  - 500 W At +55 °C ambient
  - 350 W At +70 °C ambient
  - Short-term, up to 5 s:
    - 1000 W Below +55 °C ambient
    - 700 W At +70 °C ambient
  - Derate linearly between +55 °C to +70 °C
- Number of outputs: 2
- Output current: Settable per output; up to 12 A
- Input connector: M12-S
- Output connector: M12-L

**FPT500.245-053-113:**
Power Supply with two **fused channels** (2–10 A) on two output connectors and Output OK.

**SHORT-FORM DATA**
- Input voltage: 3AC 380-480 V ±15 %
- Output voltage: DC 24 V Nominal
- Adjustment range: 24-28 Vdc Factory setting 24.5 V
- Output power:
  - Continuous: 600 W Up to +45 °C ambient
  - 500 W At +55 °C ambient
  - 350 W At +70 °C ambient
  - Short-term, up to 5 s:
    - 1000 W Below +55 °C ambient
    - 700 W At +70 °C ambient
  - Derate linearly between +55 °C to +70 °C
- Number of outputs: 2
- Output current: Settable per output; up to 10 A
- Input connector: 7/8” 4pin Multicoded
- Output connector: 7/8” 5pin

All parameters are specified at 24 V, 20 A, 400 Vac, 25 °C ambient and after a 5 minutes run-in time unless otherwise noted.
23. Application Notes

23.1. Repetitive Pulse Loading

Typically, a load current is not constant and varies over time. This power supply is designed to support loads with a higher short-term power demand (BonusPower). The short-term duration is hardware controlled by an output power manager and is available on a repeated basis. If the average load is higher than the sum of all output power, the output voltage will dip.

To avoid this, the following rules must be followed:

a) The power demand of the pulse must be below 200% of the nominal output power.

b) The duration of the pulse power must be shorter than the allowed BonusPower time, see chapter 6.

c) The average power should be lower than the nominal output power.

The R.M.S. output current must be below the specified continuous output current. If the R.M.S. current is higher, the unit may respond with a thermal shut-down after a period of time.

23.2. External Input Protection

The device is designed, tested and approved for branch circuits up to 20 A (UL) and 32 A (IEC) without additional protection device. If an external fuse is utilized, do not use circuit breakers smaller than 6 A B- or C-Characteristic to avoid a nuisance trip.

23.3. Two Phases Operation

No external protection devices are required to protect against a phase-loss. Continuous two phase operation is not recommended for this power class since the supplying 3-phase network could become unbalanced. However, if one phase fails, the unit may continue to operate if the load is below the power limit shown in Fig. 24-1.

Exceeding of these limits for an extended period may result in a thermal shut-down of the unit.

During power-on, some start-up attempts can occur until a permanent output power is available. EMC performance, hold-up time, losses, and output ripple differ from a three phase operation. Such use is not included in the approval according to UL61010 and IEC62368.

23.4. Inductive and Capacitive Loads

The unit is designed to supply any kind of loads, including capacitive and inductive loads. If extreme large capacitors, such as EDLCs (electric double layer capacitors or “UltraCaps”) with a capacitance larger than 20mF are connected to the output, the unit might charge the capacitor or the output might trip, chapter 6.
23.5. Back Feeding Loads

Loads such as decelerating motors and inductors can feed voltage back to the power supply. This feature is also called return voltage immunity or resistance against Back- E.M.F. (Electro Magnetic Force).

This power supply is resistant and does not show malfunctioning when a load feeds back voltage to the power supply. It does not matter whether the power supply is on or off.

23.6. Mounting Orientations

The device can be mounted in various mounting orientations. The listed lifetime and MTBF values from this datasheet apply only for the standard mounting orientation. The following curves give an indication for allowed output power in different mounting orientations for altitudes up to 2000 m (6560 ft).